

THE GRAND CHALLENGE INITIATIVE - CUSP

8 MISSIONS • 11 ROCKETS

Visualizing Ion Outflow via Neutral Atom Sensing-2

How do ions get 'boiled' off the atmosphere? VISIONS-2 observes how ionized oxygen—a comparatively heavy element—acquires enough energy to escape our atmosphere. The mission tracks the escape by visualizing the otherwise invisible atoms as they flow outwards.

VISIONS-2

Cusp-Region Experiment

C-REX-2 measures winds and ion velocity at around 400 km in altitude in the cusp to track causes of increased density there. The mission differentiates between possible causes such as changes in wind, temperature, or ion velocity.

C-REX-2

SS-520-3

Atmospheric escape is a universal phenomenon occurring on Earth, the moon and other planets—but the mechanisms are unique in each case. The SS-520-3 mission investigates the wave-particle interactions high in Earth's atmosphere that allow particles to heat up and escape.

JAXA SS-520-3

MAGNETOSPHERE

AZURE

Auroral Zone Upwelling Rocket Experiment

How do auroras impact the total amount of energy gained or lost by the atmosphere? AZURE measures ionospheric winds and circulation to better understand auroral effects.

ICI-5

Investigation of Cusp Irregularities-5

Mysterious hot patches of dense plasma exist inside the auroral region, distinct from previously known irregularities in the cusp. ICI-5 seeks to better understand the spatial structure of these patches and distinguish them from other types of disturbances.

G-CHASER

G-CHASER

G-CHASER is a collaboration between eight different student-led missions. It provides a unique opportunity for students to design, test, and ultimately fly their experiment from start to finish.

TRICE-2

Twin Rockets to Investigate Cusp Electrodynamic

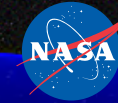
Researchers have observed step-like changes in ion energies near the pole. TRICE-2 distinguishes between two potential explanations: magnetic reconnection that turns on and off, like a light-switch, or steady magnetic reconnection occurring in varying locations.

CAPER-2

Cusp Alfvén and Plasma Electrodynamic Rocket

Auroras are created when fast-moving particles from the sun crash into Earth's atmosphere. CAPER-2 investigates how such particles can be accelerated via Alfvén waves—oscillating, low-frequency waves that provide particles with extra energy and send them speeding toward Earth.

MAGNETOSPHERE



THE SCIENCE OF THE CUSP:

The Grand Challenge Initiative - Cusp is an international collaboration to explore the polar cusp—where Earth's magnetic field lines bend down to meet the poles and particles from space can enter our atmosphere.

For more information, please visit: <http://www.grandchallenge.no>

